

COVID-19 Vaccination Rates in a Global HIV Cohort

[Evelynne S Fulda](#)¹, [Kathleen V Fitch](#)¹, [Edgar T Overton](#)², [Markella V Zanni](#)¹, [Judith A Aberg](#)³, [Judith S Currier](#)⁴, [Michael T Lu](#)⁵, [Carlos Malvestutto](#)⁶, [Carl J Fichtenbaum](#)⁷, [Esteban Martinez](#)⁸, [Triin Umbleja](#)⁹, [Pamela S Douglas](#)¹⁰, [Heather J Ribaldo](#)⁹, [Steven K Grinspoon](#)¹

Abstract

Little is known regarding coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) vaccination rates in people with HIV (PWH), a vulnerable population with significant morbidity from COVID-19. We assessed COVID-19 vaccination rates among 6952 PWH in the Randomized Trial to Prevent Vascular Events in HIV (REPRIEVE) compared to region- and country-specific vaccination data. The global probability of COVID-19 vaccination through end of July 2021 was 55% among REPRIEVE participants with rates varying substantially by Global Burden of Disease (GBD) superregion. Among PWH, factors associated with COVID-19 vaccination included residence in high-income regions, age, white race, male sex, body mass index, and higher cardiovascular risk. Clinical Trials Registration. [NCT02344290](#).

Keywords: COVID-19; Global Burden of Disease region; human immunodeficiency virus; vaccination.